# **Cultural Daily**

Independent Voices, New Perspectives

## Ozempic Breakdown: What It Really Does to Your Body

Our Friends · Wednesday, April 23rd, 2025

Ozempic may help regulate blood sugar and support weight loss, but it comes with serious risks. Patients should watch for signs of thyroid problems, kidney failure, and unexpected side effects while working closely with a doctor.

## Blood Sugar Isn't the Only Thing at Stake

**Ozempic** is making waves—and not just for lowering blood sugar. While originally developed for adults with type 2 diabetes, it's quickly gaining attention for its unexpected benefits and heavy warnings.

Anyone considering Ozempic needs to understand the bigger picture.

#### More Than Just a Shot

Ozempic is an injectable prescription medicine used once a week. It contains semaglutide injection 0.5 mg or 1 mg and works by mimicking a hormone that regulates blood sugar. For many adults with type 2 diabetes, it improves blood sugar levels and will also reduce the risk of major cardiovascular events like heart attack, stroke, or death due to cardiovascular disease.

But that's not all it does.

Some patients lose weight. Some lower their A1C dramatically. And others experience side effects they never saw coming.

## What Health Care Providers Want You to Know

Before starting ozempic, your health care provider will ask about your medical history. That's not just routine—it's necessary. Especially if you've had kidney problems, heart disease, or an endocrine system condition called multiple endocrine neoplasia syndrome.

People with a family history of thyroid cancer called medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) need to be especially cautious. Ozempic may cause serious health risks, including possible thyroid tumors, thyroid tumors including cancer, or thyroid cancer called medullary thyroid carcinoma. Symptoms of thyroid cancer like neck hoarseness or trouble swallowing should never be ignored.

Always tell your health care provider right away if you experience anything unusual.

### **The Kidney Connection**

Diabetes and chronic kidney disease often go hand in hand. For some patients, Ozempic helps control both. But it's not without risk.

The warning label includes language about kidney disease worsening, kidney disease and death, and kidney failure end stage. That's no small concern.

Some patients see improvement. Others face complications, especially when experiencing severe stomach problems, vomiting, or dehydration. Those issues may lead to kidney disease worsening or full-blown kidney failure.

Always monitor kidney health closely, especially if you already have chronic kidney disease.

## More Than a Sugar Dropper

Ozempic isn't like over the counter medicines. It's a powerful tool. It interacts with multiple systems—cardiovascular, digestive, endocrine.

That also means more things may go wrong.

Some report severe pain in the upper stomach. Others feel deep sleepiness after injections. There's also a risk of gallbladder problems and low blood sugar hypoglycemia, particularly when combined with other diabetes medications.

Anyone who's had surgery or other procedures that use anesthesia or deep sedation should let their doctor know. The same goes for people who breastfeed, plan to get pregnant, or are currently pregnant.

Ozempic may harm an unborn baby. Always weigh the risks.

#### The Allergy Red Flag

Reactions happen. In rare cases, a serious allergic reaction may follow an injection.

Swelling, rash, trouble breathing, or severe dizziness shouldn't be brushed off. That's not a side effect—it's a medical emergency.

Let your health care provider know if anything feels off after a dose.

## It's Not a Magic Wand

Ozempic works best when paired with diet and exercise. People who rely on the injection alone don't see the same results.

It doesn't replace lifestyle changes. It supports them.

Those who commit to consistent habits—like healthy eating and regular movement—often see better outcomes and fewer complications.

#### What to Ask Before You Start

Some questions are worth asking:

- Do you have a history of thyroid tumors?
- Do you experience severe stomach problems regularly?
- Are you at risk of kidney disease?
- Are you already dealing with heart disease or kidney failure?
- Are you taking anything else that might cause low blood sugar?

Tell your health care provider everything. That includes supplements, over the counter medicines, and anything new.

## Help with the Cost

Novo Nordisk assistance programs are available for people who qualify. If the cost feels overwhelming, it might be worth checking.

Prescription medication isn't cheap. But sometimes, support exists if you know where to look.

#### The Bottom Line Isn't Small

Taking Ozempic comes with big decisions. It helps many adults with type 2 diabetes improve blood sugar and reduce the risk of major cardiovascular events. But it also raises concerns about kidney problems, severe stomach issues, and thyroid cancer called medullary thyroid carcinoma.

Ozempic can help—but only when used carefully, under supervision, and with a full picture of your health.

Before starting, talk to your health care provider about the risks. Tell your health care provider about your full medical history. Especially if you've ever had thyroid tumors, kidney disease, or surgery involving anesthesia or deep sleepiness.

People who take ozempic and already have diabetes and chronic kidney disease may face a higher risk of disease worsening, kidney failure end stage, or death due to cardiovascular disease.

No drug is perfect. But the more you know, the better your chances of staying safe.

#### **Frequently Asked Questions**

#### What are the common side effects of Ozempic?

Common side effects of Ozempic include nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and severe stomach problems.

#### Who should avoid using Ozempic?

Anyone with a history of thyroid cancer, possible thyroid tumors including medullary thyroid carcinoma, or endocrine system conditions should avoid Ozempic.

#### Can Ozempic affect the kidneys?

Yes, Ozempic may lead to end stage kidney disease or kidney failure end stage, especially in patients with preexisting kidney conditions.

#### Is Ozempic safe for people with diabetes and chronic kidney issues?

People who have diabetes and takes Ozempic with chronic kidney problems should be monitored closely due to the risk of disease worsening or failure end stage kidney.

Photo at top: Kitut Subiyanto via Pexels

#### CLICK TO DONATE IN SUPPORT OF THE ARTS

This entry was posted on Wednesday, April 23rd, 2025 at 7:41 am and is filed under Check This Out You can follow any responses to this entry through the Comments (RSS) feed. You can leave a response, or trackback from your own site.